# Aditya **Rastogi**, PhD

Post Doctoral Scholar | Dept of Neuroradiology | Universitätsklinikum Bonn

in linkedin.com/in/aditya-rastogi-8167417b **O** github.com/adityarastogi2k12

□ +49 15228161128 @ aditya.rastogi@ukbonn.de C http://adityarastogi2k12.github.io

Veuroradiologie, Universitätsklinikum Bonn, Venusberg Campus 1/Gebäude 81, Bonn 53217, Germany



My research interests are computational methods in medical imaging involving deep learning, radiomics and solving inverse problems like parameter estimation from dynamic magnetic resonance imaging, namely DCE-MRI and ASL, multi-modal imaging, medical image reconstruction techniques, and physiological modelling of pathologies.

I am a Postdoctoral scholar and technical group leader at Division for Computational Radiology and Clinical AI in University Hospital Bonn, Germany working with Prof. Dr. med. Philipp Vollmuth. I completed my M.Tech (Research) and Ph.D. from Indian Institute of Science (IISc) which is ranked as best university and research institute by Ministry of Education, Government of India as per NIRF Ranking of 2023 and best university in India as per QS ranking 2023.

#### 📂 Education

| Aug 2018 -              | M.Tech (Research) + Ph.D. from Dept. of Computational and Data Sciences, Indian Institute of Science (IISc), Bengaluru, India   |
|-------------------------|---|
| June 2022               | Advisor : Prof. Phaneendra K Yalavarthy CGPA: 9.0<br>Dissertation : Development of Novel Deep Learning Methods for Fast-MRI: Anatomical Image Reconstruction<br>to Quantitative Imaging.  |
| Aug 2012 -<br>July 2016 | <b>B.Tech</b> in Mechanical Engineering, from <b>Delhi Technological University</b> , New Delhi, India<br>Advisor : Prof. Atul Kumar Agrawal <b>CGPA: 8.86</b><br>Dissertation : <i>Computational modelling of Composite dynamics and fabrication techniques.</i> |

### POSITION

| July 2024  | Postdoctoral scholar   Division for Computational Radiology and Clinical AI, CCI-Bonn, University  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| -  | Hospital Bonn, Germany   |  |  |
| June 2024  | P.I : Prof. Dr. med. Philipp Vollmuth  |  |  |
|  | <ul> <li>Technical group leader responsible for developing AI/ML algorithms in medical imaging and guiding<br/>PhD and Master students.</li> </ul>                           |  |  |
|  | > Development of neurological vision foundational model.   |  |  |
|  | > Developing deep learning models for MR scan-time reduction.  |  |  |
|  | > Developing test-time adaptation strategies for Brain Metastasis tumour segmentation.<br>Deep Learning Computer vision Foundational model MR Image Reconstruction Radiomics |  |  |
| July 2022 - 📔 Postdoctoral Researcher   Section of Computational Neuroimaging, Heidelberg University Hospital, |  |  |  |
|  | Germany  |  |  |
| June 2024  | P.I : Prof. Dr. med. Philipp Vollmuth  |  |  |
|  | > Developing model-based deep learning algorithm for MR image reconstruction.  |  |  |
|  | > Develop strategies for robust and reproducible radiomic feature extraction.  |  |  |
|  | > Deploy Federated Learning framework for tumor classification and predicting stroke outcome.  |  |  |
|  | Deep Learning Computer vision Foundational model Federated Learning MR Image Reconstruction Radiomics  |  |  |

## Research Projects

MULTI-CENTRIC STUDY OF THE IMPACT OF RADIOMIC FEATURE NORMALIZATION ON GLIOBLASTOMA PREDICTION POSTDOC, UKHD JAN 2023 -

Data Collection Stage

- > Objective : To analyze the stability and reproducibility of various image and feature normalization techniques on glioblastoma prediction using multi-centric radiomic data.
- > Method : The MR images are normalized using various techniques for feature extraction and the radiomic features are calculated using various bin setting to assess the stability and reproducibility towards glioblastoma prediction.

Radiomics Tumor Prediction

#### Analyzing Downstream effects of Fast MRI

#### ☑ Github repository

- > Objective : To analyze the effect of deep learning-based reconstruction of undersampled MR images on downstream tasks like Tumor segmentation, Survival Prediction etc.
- > Method : Different sequences of MR images are reconstructed using a model-based deep learning algorithm. The results are further processed using pre-trained algorithms (on fully sampled data) and the results are compared to evaluate any drop in performance.
- > Accepted in Lancet Oncology (In press).

Deep Learning Inverse Problem Tumor Segmentation

#### VALIDATE: Federated Learning for stroke outcome prediction

#### 🖸 Website

- > Objective : To develop a trustworthy AI-based prognostic tool for predicting patient outcomes in Acute Stroke.
- > Method : Use an open-source Federated Leaning library to train a neural network which uses multi-modal imaging and clinical data.

Deep Learning Federated Learning

#### GREYBOX : A HYBRID ALGORITHM FOR DIRECT ESTIMATION OF TRACER KINETIC PARAMETERS

#### 🖸 Github repository 🖸 Paper

- > Objective : To propose a hybrid deep learning model for solving nonlinear multiparametric inverse problem of permeability estimation.
- > Method : Implemented direct hybrid DL based algorithms for parameter estimation using linear Patlak model on multi organ DCE MRI data. The experiments shows that the network performs statistically better than iterative direct parameter estimation techniques.
- > Accepted in **Medical Physics** (In press).

Inverse problem DCE MRI Deep Learning Quantitative MRI Hybrid models Compressive Sensing

#### VTDCE-NET: A SPATIO-TEMPORAL DIMENSION INVARIANT NETWORK FOR ESTIMATION OF TRACER KINETIC PARAMETERS PH.D., IISC

#### Github repository C Paper

- > Objective : To propose a spatio-temporal invariant deep learning model for direct estimation of tracer kinetic paramters.
- > Method : Proposed a deep learning algorithm which is invariant to the number of time samples by using a 2.5 D Unet architecture. This work is published [3] in Medical Physics journal.

Inverse problem DCE MRI Deep Learning Quantitative MRI

#### SpiNet : a model based dl architecture for solving inverse problems

#### 🖸 Github repository 🖸 Paper

- > Objective : To develop a model based DL architecture for solving linear inverse problems in medical imaging.
- > Method : Developed a Schatten p-norm regularized medical image reconstruction architecture or SpiNet. This architecture is first of a kind DL architecture which can enforce any  $l_p$  norm on prior where  $p \in [0, 2)$  and it can be trainable or fixed. Current architectures only support either 1 norm or 2 norm on prior. This work is published [2] in Medical Physics journal.

Inverse problem Fast MRI Deep Learning Hybrid models Compressive Sensing

#### TRACER KINETIC PARAMETER ESTIMATION FROM UNDERSAMPLED DCE MRI DATA

### Github repository C Paper

- > Objective : To estimate permeability parameters from undersampled Dynamic Contrast Enhanced MRI data by implementing linear and non-linear pharmacokinetic models using iterative and deep learning based techniques.
- > Method : Implemented indirect DL based and direct iterative algorithms for parameter estimation using linear Patlak model on Breast DCE MRI data. The study showed that for higher undersampling rates, indirect DL based techniques perform sub-par compared to direct iterative techniques. This work is published [1] in Medical Physics journal.

Aditya Rastogi - CV

Inverse problem DCE MRI Deep Learning Quantitative MRI Hybrid models Compressive Sensing

#### REDUCING SCAN TIME IN ARTERIAL SPIN LABELLING MRI

> Objective : Reduce the number of Control/Label pair acquisition for perfusion estimation in psuedo continuous ASL

brain image scans and thereby reduce the scan duration.> In collaboration with National Institute of Mental Health and Allied Sciences (NIMHANS).

Inverse problem ASL Quantitative MRI Hybrid models

Aug 2022 -

Рн.D., IISc

Feb 2021 -

JULY 2021 - NOV 2022

Рн.D., IISc Feb 2020 - Feb 2021

PH.D., IISc

AUG 2019 - AUG 2020 d MRI data by imple-

2

Рн.D., IISc

DEC 2020 -

#### PostDoc, UKHD Aug 2022 - Dec 2023

PostDoc, UKHD

#### FUSION OF CARDIAC ANGIOGRAPHY IMAGES

- > Objective : Fusion of Cardiac Angiography images of different RR phases using guided image fusion. The ECG data was used to detect the phases with less motion of right coronary artery. The objective is to reduce the number of study images required by the diagnostician for detecting stenosis in RCA or LDA.
- > In collaboration with Shri Satya Sai Institute of Higher Medical Sciences, Bangalore (SSSIHMS).

Image Fusion Cardiac Imaging Guided Filtering

## **P** Awards

| PMRF 2020<br>Link | Prime Minister's Research Fellowship<br>Awarded Prime Minister's Research Fellowship (PMRF) for research in the field of "advanced physics<br>based DL algorithms for medical image reconstruction". This is the most prestigious and selective grant<br>awarded by Government of India to Ph.D. students. |
|-------------------|--|
| EECS 2021         | <b>Best research presentation award</b><br>Awarded presentation award for <b>SpiNet</b> paper at EECS students research symposium - 2021 organised by<br>Indian Institute of Science.  |
| MHRD 2018-2020    | <b>Ph.D Grant by Ministry of Human Resource and Development</b><br>Awarded MHRD scholarship by Government of India for Ph.D. program.  |

## 📰 Relevant Courses

ML/DL/MathematicsNeural Networks and Learning Systems, Numerical Optimization, Numerical Methods, Numerical Linear Algebra, Computational Fluid Dynamics, and Quantitative Techniques.OthersMedical Imaging, Digital Signal Processing, Advance Image Processing, Instrumentation and<br/>Control Systems, Compressive Sensing and Sparse Signal Processing.

### 🖋 Teaching Assistance

| > DS 288: Numerical Methods  | CDS, IISc                |
|--|--------------------------|
| > DS 260: Medical Imaging  | CDS, IISc                |
| > DHIM: Advance Certification in Digital Health and Medical Imaging  | CDS, IISc                |
| <ul> <li>Class - XI Biology</li> <li>Teacher volunteer for high-school students under Prime Minister's Research Fellowship Scheme</li> </ul> | Kendriya Vidyalaya, IISc |

## Research Grant Experience

Aug 2020 - Aug 2024Prime Minister's Research Fellowship : Awarded by Ministry of Human Resource Development of Government of India for research in the field of interdisciplinary sciences. The grant duration is of four years with a total grant amount of approximately INR 58,00,000 (\$79,000). The grant was awarded for research in the field of "advanced physics based DL algorithms for medical image reconstruction".

## </> COMPUTER SKILLS

- > Programming Languages : MATLAB, C, Python, HTML
- > Libraries : Keras, Tensorflow, Git
- > OS : Windows, Linux, MacOS



> IEEE Transactions of Medical Imaging

### Selected Journal Publications

- [1] Rastogi, A., Brugnara G, Foltyn-Dumitru M, Mahmutoglu M,..., Maier-Hein KH, Radbruch A,..., Vollmuth P., "Deeplearning-based reconstruction of undersampled MRI to reduce scan times: a multicenter retrospective cohort study.," Lancet Oncology 2024 (in press). [The research demonstrates using comprehensive experiments that deep convolutional neural networks (dCNN) can significantly reduce MRI scan times, achieving a tenfold acceleration compared to traditional methods. This technique maintains high image quality and accurately assesses oncological treatment responses. Additionally, the dCNN showed robust generalizability on the public fastMRI benchmark dataset, indicating its wide applicability in medical imaging.] C Github repository
- [2] Rastogi, A. and Yalavarthy, P.K., "Comparison of iterative parametric and indirect deep learning-based reconstruction methods in highly undersampled DCE-MR Imaging of the breast," Medical Physics 47(10), 4838-4861 (2020). [doi: 10.1002/mp.14447]. [This work is the first comprehensive comparison of compressive sensing reconstruction methods with model-based deep learning methods for breast perfusion imaging and shows that deep learning methods are sub-optimal at higher undersampling rates.] G Github repository Paper
- [3] Rastogi, A. and Yalavarthy, P.K., "SpiNet: A Deep Neural Network for Schatten p-norm Regularized Medical Image Reconstruction," Medical Physics 48(5), 2214-2229 (2021). [doi: 10.1002/mp.14744]. [This work is the first-of-its-kind in proposing a generic Schatten p-norm (0 ) regularization based deep learning network for medical image $reconstruction, where p is a trainable parameter (chosen automatically).] <math>\square$  Github repository  $\square$  Paper
- [4] Rastogi, A., Dutta, A. and Yalavarthy, P.K., "VTDCE-Net: A spatio-temporal dimension invariant network for direct estimation of tracer kinetic parameters from undersampled DCE MRI data," Medical Physics 2022;1-13. [doi: 10.1002/mp.16081]. [This is deep learning based architecture for direct estimation of permeability parameters from undersampled DCE MRI data. This network is invariant to number of time samples and spatial dimensions.]
  Image: Comparison of the provide the provided the provided
- [5] Rastogi, A. and Yalavarthy, P.K., "Greybox: A hybrid algorithm for direct estimation of tracer kinetic parameters from undersampled DCE MRI data," Medical Physics 2024 (in press). [doi: 10.1002/mp.16935]. [This work proposes a robust hybrid algorithm for solving a multiparameteric non-linear inverse problem of direct estimation of Pharmacokinetic parameters from undersampled DCE MRI data.] C Github repository Paper
- [6] Brugnara, G., Baumgartner, M., Scholze, E. D., Deike-Hofmann, K., Kades, K., Scherer, J., Denner, S., Meredig, H., <u>Rastogi, A., Mahmutoglu, M. A., Ulfert, C., Neuberger, U., Schönenberger, S., Schlamp, K., Bendella, Z., Pinetz, T., Schmeel, C., Wick, W., Ringleb, P. A., Floca, R., Vollmuth, P., "Deep-learning based detection of vessel occlusions on CT-angiography in patients with suspected acute ischemic stroke," Nature communications, 14(1), 4938 (2023). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-023-40564-8</u>
- [7] Foltyn-Dumitru, M., Schell, M., Rastogi, A., Sahm, F., Kessler, T., Wick, W., Bendszus, M., Brugnara, G., & Vollmuth, P., "Impact of signal intensity normalization of MRI on the generalizability of radiomic-based prediction of molecular glioma subtypes," European radiology, 10.1007/s00330-023-10034-2 (2023). Advance online publication. https://doi.org/10.1007/s00330-023-10034-2

# ▶ Talks/Presentations

| <b>IISC EECS RESEARCH STUDENT SYMPOSIUM</b>  | llSc        |
|--|-------------|
| Title : "Model based deep learning architecture for generalized p-norm regularization" | May 2021    |
| <b>CDS STUDENTS' RESEARCH PRESENTATION</b>   | IISc        |
| Title : "Fast and Efficient Algorithms for Improving Magnetic Resonance Imaging"       | April 2021  |
| IPWIN2021: VIRTUAL PHD WINTER SCHOOL AT DTU, DENMARK                                   | DTU         |
| Title : "Fast and Efficient Algorithms for Improving Magnetic Resonance Imaging"       | Jan 2021    |
| <b>CDS STUDENTS' RESEARCH PRESENTATION (POSTER PRESENTATION)</b>                       | IISc        |
| Title : "Model based techniques for indirect Tracer Kinetic parameter estimation"      | August 2019 |

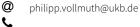
# **SS** REFERENCES

### Prof. Dr. med. Philipp Vollmuth

Professor

Division for Computational Radiology & Clinical AI Clinic for Neuroradiology, University Hospital Bonn Venusberg Campus 1, Gebäude 81 Bonn, 53217, Germany

# @



Prof. Phaneendra K Yalavarthy

yalavarthy@iisc.ac.in

+91-80-2293 2496

#### Professor, PhD Advisor

@

¢,

Medical Imaging Group 🛛 🖉 Webpage Dept. of Computational and Data Sciences (CDS) Indian Institute of Science Bengaluru, KA, India, 560012

#### Prof. Atul Kumar Agrawal

Professor, BTech Advisor Dept of Mechanical Engineering Delhi Technological University Shahbad Daulatpur New Delhi, India, 110042

- 0 atulkumaragarwal@dce.ac.in
- ſ, +91-9811886443